1	H. B. 4156
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3	(By Mr. Speaker, (Mr. Miley) and Delegate Armstead)
4	[By Request of the Executive]
5	[Introduced January 14, 2014; referred to the
6	Committee on Roads and Transportation then the
7	Judiciary.]
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10	A BILL to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by
11	adding thereto a new article, designated \$17-17B-1, \$17-17B-2,
12	\$17-17B-3, \$17-17B-4, \$17-17B-5, \$17-17B-6, \$17-17B-7,
13	\$17-17B-8 and $$17-17B-9$ , all relating to West Virginia
14	Division of Highways-Parkways Authority collection
15	enforcement; creating the Safe and Efficient Parkways Act
16	(SEPA); making legislative findings; defining terms;
17	authorizing the electronic enforcement of collection of tolls;
18	establishing criminal and civil penalties for nonpayment and
19	damage to facilities; providing that certain information
20	collected is confidential and not subject to the Freedom of
21	Information Act; allowing limited restricted and confidential
22	access to certain information pursuant to subpoenas and court
23	orders on a strictly confidential basis; providing for
24	nonrenewal of vehicle registration; and granting rule-making

- 1 authority.
- 2 Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
- 3 That the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended
- 4 by adding thereto a new article, designated \$17-17B-1, \$17-17B-2,
- 5 \$17-17B-3, \$17-17B-4, \$17-17B-5, \$17-17B-6, \$17-17B-7, \$17-17B-8
- 6 and \$17-17B-9, all to read as follows:
- 7 ARTICLE 17B. ELECTRONIC TOLL COLLECTION.
- 8 §17-17B-1. Short title; legislative findings and purpose;
- 9 <u>definitions</u>.
- 10 (a) This article may be known and cited as the "Safe and
- 11 Efficient Parkways Act."
- 12 (b) The Legislature finds and declares that the use of
- 13 electronic and video technology for parkways projects will benefit
- 14 the citizens of the state by making parkways projects in the state
- 15 safer and more efficient, easing traffic congestion, improving
- 16 traffic flow, furthering economic development and promoting and
- 17 enhancing more efficient commercial traffic and the shipment of
- 18 goods in the state.
- (c) As used in this article:
- 20 (1) "Authority" or "Parkways Authority" means the West
- 21 Virginia Parkways Authority established by article sixteen-a of
- 22 this chapter.
- 23 (2) "Division" means the Division of Highways, except where
- 24 another division is clearly identified.

- 1 (3) "Electronic toll collection" means a system of collecting
- 2 tolls or charges that has or includes the capability of charging an
- 3 account holder, owner or operator of a vehicle for the prescribed
- 4 toll:
- 5 (A) By electronic transmission of information between a device
- 6 on a vehicle and a device located in a toll lane or otherwise used
- 7 at a toll collection facility; or
- 8 (B) By means of a video collection system.
- 9 (4) "Owner" means any person, corporation, firm, partnership,
- 10 agency, association, organization or lessor who:
- 11 (A) Is the beneficial or equitable owner of the vehicle;
- 12 (B) Holds title to the vehicle;
- 13 (C) Is the registrant or coregistrant of the vehicle
- 14 registered with the Division of Motor Vehicles or a comparable
- 15 agency of another jurisdiction or uses the vehicle in its vehicle
- 16 renting or leasing business; or
- 17 (D) Is a person entitled to the use and possession of a
- 18 vehicle subject to a security interest held by another person.
- 19 (5) "Parkway project" has the meaning set forth in section
- 20 five, article sixteen-a, chapter seventeen of this code, and
- 21 specifically includes, for the purposes of this article:
- 22 (A) A highway project designated under sections five-a and
- 23 five-b of article seventeen-a, chapter seventeen of this code;
- 24 (B) Any acquisition, construction, reconstruction,

- 1 maintenance, operation, improvement or repair that the authority
- 2 undertakes by agreement with the division; and
- 3 (C) Any project procured by the division on which the division
- 4 requires the authority to introduce electronic tolling.
- 5 (6) "Toll collection facility" means any facility, including
- 6 all related structures, equipment, systems and software, used in
- 7 connection with collecting or charging tolls for a parkway project,
- 8 regardless of whether the facility is located on, over or adjacent
- 9 to the highway included in the parkway project and regardless of
- 10 whether the facility has toll lanes with toll booths and toll
- 11 collection equipment that require passing vehicles to stop or slow
- 12 down in order to pay a toll or uses additional or different
- 13 methods, structures, technology and equipment in order to charge or
- 14 collect tolls from some vehicles passing under or by the facility
- 15 at highway speeds.
- 16 (7) "Video collection system" means a vehicle sensor, placed
- 17 in a location to work in conjunction with a toll collection
- 18 facility, that automatically produces a videotape or photograph,
- 19 microphotograph or other recorded image of the front or rear
- 20 portion, or both front and rear portion, of each vehicle at the
- 21 time the vehicle is used or operated on the toll facility in order
- 22 to charge or collect tolls or detect violations of this article.
- 23 This phrase includes, without limitation:
- 24 (A) Any other technology which identifies a vehicle by

- 1 photographic, electronic or other method; and
- 2 (B) All related toll invoices, billing notices and other toll
- 3 collection and violation enforcement efforts made using that
- 4 technology and information.
- 5 §17-17B-2. Electronic toll collection authorized.
- 6 Notwithstanding the provisions of article sixteen-a and
- 7 <u>section five-b</u>, <u>article seventeen-a of this chapter and section</u>
- 8 seven-a, article six, chapter seventeen-c of this code to the
- 9 contrary, the collection of tolls and the enforcement of toll
- 10 violations may be enforced by electronic toll collection as
- 11 provided in this article and in rules promulgated by authority of
- 12 this article. In connection with any toll road in this state
- 13 authorized by section five-b, article seventeen-a of this chapter,
- 14 and in addition to any powers granted to the Commissioner of
- 15 Highways in this code, the commissioner, on behalf of the division,
- 16 may enter into cooperative agreements and arrangements with any
- 17 agency or other entity that handles or assists in the collection or
- 18 enforcement of tolls on the adjacent state's connecting toll
- 19 highway, whereby that agency or entity would assist the division in
- 20 the collection of tolls for the toll roads in this state or
- 21 enforcement of toll violations for the toll roads in this state or
- 22 both collection of tolls and enforcement of toll violations using
- 23 electronic toll collection.
- 24 §17-17B-3. Liability of owner.

- 1 (a) All owners and operators of motor vehicles shall pay the
- 2 posted toll when on any toll road, highway or bridge authorized by
- 3 article sixteen-a and section five-b, article seventeen-a of this
- 4 chapter, either by paying the toll at a toll collection facility on
- 5 the toll road, highway or bridge at the time of travel thereon or
- 6 by paying the toll within the time prescribed for toll payment in
- 7 <u>a toll billing notice or invoice generated by an electronic toll</u>
- 8 collection system. These tolls may be collected by electronic toll
- 9 collection. If an owner or operator of a vehicle fails to pay the
- 10 prescribed toll when due, the owner of the vehicle is in violation
- 11 of this article.
- 12 (b) If a violation occurs, the registration plate number of
- 13 the vehicle as recorded by a video collection system establishes an
- 14 inference for civil enforcement purposes that the owner of the
- 15 vehicle was operating the vehicle at that time. The inference may
- 16 be rebutted if the owner:
- 17 (1) States that he or she was not operating the vehicle at the
- 18 time of the violation;
- 19 <u>(2) Identifies who was operating the vehicle; and</u>
- 20 (3) Supplies the name and address, if known, of the operator
- 21 of the vehicle.
- 22 (c) If an action or proceeding is commenced in a county other
- 23 than that of the residence of the owner, a sworn statement that
- 24 contains the information set forth in subsection (b) of this

- 1 section is sufficient to rebut the inference.
- 2 (d) If the inference is rebutted, the identified operator of
- 3 the vehicle may be found to have violated this article.
- 4 (e) (1) Nothing in this section prohibits:
- 5 (A) A law-enforcement officer from issuing a citation to a
- 6 person in control of a vehicle for a violation of this article or
- 7 other provisions of law at the time of the violation; or
- 8 (B) The division or the Parkways Authority from issuing
- 9 reminder notices or making other communications directly or
- 10 indirectly in connection with toll collection efforts or efforts to
- 11 enforce violations of this article; or
- 12 (2) The division and authority are authorized to use secondary
- 13 sources of information and services including, but not limited to,
- 14 the National Change of Address Service or skip tracing services.
- 15 \$17-17B-4. Imposition of liability.
- 16 If, as evidenced by a video collection system, a violation of
- 17 this article occurs, the following applies:
- 18 (1) The division or the Parkways Authority, as applicable,
- 19 will prepare and mail a notice of violation as follows:
- 20 (A) The notice of violation shall be sent by first class mail
- 21 to each person listed as owner;
- 22 (B) The notice shall be mailed to the address shown on the
- 23 vehicle registration or at the address of the operator, as
- 24 applicable.

- 1 (C) Notice shall be mailed no later than one hundred twenty
- 2 days after:
- 3 (i) The violation;
- 4 (ii) The date the inference is rebutted by the owner pursuant
- 5 to subsection (b), section three of this article; or
- 6 (iii) The date that a lessor provides sufficient information
- 7 to identify who is the actual owner.
- 8 (D) Personal service is not required.
- 9 (E) The notice shall contain the following:
- 10 (i) Information advising the person of the violation, when and
- 11 where it occurred and that the violation may be contested.
- 12 (ii) A warning advising the person receiving the notice:
- 13 (I) That failure to contest in the manner and time provided is
- 14 an admission of liability;
- 15 <u>(II) That a defau</u>lt judgment may be entered on the notice;
- 16 (III) That a violation of this article may subject the owner
- 17 or operator to civil penalties, administrative fees, administrative
- 18 hearing costs, and collection fees and costs as provided in this
- 19 <u>article; and</u>
- 20 (IV) That failure to pay civil penalties imposed pursuant to
- 21 this article will result in denial of an application for a new or
- 22 renewal of vehicle registration in this state.
- 23 (F) A manual or automatic record of mailing prepared in the
- 24 ordinary course of business is prima facie evidence of the mailing

- 1 of notice.
- 2 (2) If an owner of a vehicle receives a notice of violation of
- 3 this article for any time period during which the vehicle was
- 4 reported to a police department as having been stolen, that owner
- 5 is not liable if he or she provides a certified copy of the police
- 6 report on the stolen vehicle to the division or the Parkways
- 7 Authority within thirty days after receiving the notice of
- 8 violation.
- 9 (3) If an owner of a vehicle receives a notice of violation of
- 10 this article for any time period during which the vehicle was being
- 11 leased or rented, that owner is not liable if he or she provides a
- 12 copy of the rental, lease or other contract document that contains
- 13 the name and address of the lessee to the division or the Parkways
- 14 Authority within thirty days after receiving the notice of
- 15 violation.
- 16 (4) A certified report or a facsimile report of an authorized
- 17 agent or employee of the division or the Parkways Authority
- 18 reporting a violation of section three of this article based upon
- 19 the recorded information obtained from a video collection system is
- 20 prima facie evidence of the facts contained in the report and is
- 21 admissible as an official record kept in the ordinary course of
- 22 business.
- 23 (5) Notwithstanding any provision in the code to the contrary,
- 24 videotapes, photographs, microphotographs or other recorded images,

- 1 written records, reports or facsimiles prepared pursuant to this 2 article are allowed and are for the exclusive use of the division 3 or the Parkways Authority, as applicable, its authorized agents, 4 its employees and law-enforcement officials for the purpose of discharging duties under this article. Except as may be necessary 6 to enforce collection of tolls, civil penalties administrative 7 fees, administrative hearing costs and collection fees and costs 8 from persons to whom a notice of violation is sent as provided in 9 this section, or to whom any billing invoice, reminder letter or 10 other toll collection or violation enforcement communication is 11 sent using electronic toll collections, all images and records 12 created or retained as provided herein that identify individual 13 vehicles or vehicle registration plates, must be destroyed within 14 sixty days after payment in full of the applicable toll. The images 15 and records must be destroyed within sixty days after any toll 16 collection or enforcement action under this article involving the 17 images or records has been resolved. This information is not 18 considered a public record under chapter twenty-nine-b of this 19 code. The information is not discoverable by court order and it may not be offered in evidence in any action or proceeding that is not directly related to a violation of this article or 22 indemnification permitted by this article. However, these 23 restrictions:
- 24 (A) Do not preclude a court of competent jurisdiction from

- 1 issuing an order directing that the information be provided to law-
- 2 enforcement officials if the information is reasonably described
- 3 and is requested in connection with a criminal law-enforcement
- 4 action;
- 5 (B) Do not preclude the exchange of the information between
- 6 any entities with jurisdiction over or that operate an electronic
- 7 toll collection system in this state or any other jurisdiction
- 8 within or outside of the United States; and
- 9 (C) Do not prohibit the use of information exclusively for the
- 10 purpose of billing electronic toll collection account holders,
- 11 deducting toll charges from the account of an account holder,
- 12 enforcing toll collection provisions of this code or enforcing the
- 13 provisions of an account holder agreement.
- 14 (6) (A) Civil liability under this article is to be based upon
- 15 a preponderance of the evidence. Persons receiving a notice of
- 16 violation as provided in this section must respond within thirty
- 17 days of the date the notice was mailed by:
- 18 (i) Remitting the amount of the unpaid toll and any
- 19 administrative fee assessed; or
- 20 (ii) Requesting an administrative hearing in accordance with
- 21 rules promulgated by authority of this article. In addition to any
- 22 unpaid tolls and an administrative fee not to exceed \$35 per
- 23 notification for each separate violation, persons who are found to
- 24 be liable in an administrative hearing are liable for the costs of

- 1 the hearing, except where the judgment of the hearing examiner is
- 2 reversed or set aside by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- 3 (B) Failure to remit the unpaid toll, assessed administrative
- 4 fees and assessed hearing costs or to request a hearing shall
- 5 result in entry of an administrative default judgment. The
- 6 division or the authority, as may be the case, may cause notice of
- 7 the default judgment to be served on the person to whom the notice
- 8 of violation was sent by certified mail, return receipt requested,
- 9 advising the person that failure to pay the unpaid tolls, assessed
- 10 administrative fees and assessed hearing costs within thirty days
- 11 of receipt of the notice of default judgment will result in denial
- 12 of an application for a new vehicle registration in this state. If
- 13 the unpaid tolls, assessed administrative fees, and assessed
- 14 administrative hearing costs are not paid as provided in the notice
- 15 of default judgment, or if the judgment is not set aside by a court
- 16 of competent jurisdiction, the division or the authority may take
- 17 all lawful actions to collect on the judgment and may notify the
- 18 Commissioner of the Division of Motor Vehicles, who shall refuse
- 19 the registration or renewal of registration of the vehicle in this
- 20 state as provided in section eight of this article.
- 21 (7) Civil liability under this article is not a conviction and
- 22 may not be made part of the owner's motor vehicle operating record.
- 23 It may not be considered in the provision of motor vehicle
- 24 insurance coverage.

- 1 (8) A person found to have violated this article is liable
- 2 <u>for:</u>
- 3 (A) The amount of the toll evaded or attempted to be evaded;
- 4 if the amount can be determined, or if it cannot be determined, the
- 5 minimum toll from the nearest point of entry on the toll facility
- 6 to the actual point of exit;
- 7 (B) An administrative fee not to exceed \$35 per notification
- 8 for each separate violation;
- 9 (C) Administrative hearing costs assessed under this article;
- 10 <u>and</u>
- 11 (D) Reasonable fees and costs of attempting to collect on a
- 12 judgment under subdivision (6) of this section.
- 13 §17-17B-5. Placement of electronic toll collection device.
- 14 The placement of an electronic toll collection device that is
- 15 properly affixed to the front windshield of a vehicle in accordance
- 16 with the division or authority rules or is mounted elsewhere on a
- 17 vehicle in accordance with mounting instructions included with the
- 18 device, or is otherwise used in a manner that makes it operate as
- 19 intended, is not a violation of section thirty-six, article
- 20 fifteen, chapter seventeen-c of this code.
- 21 §17-17B-6. Privacy of electronic toll collection account holder
- information; subpoenas and court orders and related
- confidentiality protections.
- 24 (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, and

1 notwithstanding any provision in the code to the contrary, 2 videotapes, photographs, microphotographs, other recorded images, 3 written records, reports or facsimiles prepared pursuant to this 4 article are for the exclusive use of the division or the Parkways 5 Authority, as applicable, its authorized agents, its employees and 6 law-enforcement officials for the purpose of discharging duties 7 under this article. This information includes names, addresses, 8 account numbers, account balances, personal financial information, 9 vehicle movement records and other information compiled from 10 transactions with the account holders. The information may not be 11 considered a public record under chapter twenty-nine-b of this 12 code. 13 (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, 14 videotapes, photographs, microphotographs, other recorded images, 15 written records, reports or facsimiles prepared and retained 16 pursuant to this article may be discoverable pursuant to a properly 17 issued subpoena or by an order of a court of competent jurisdiction 18 directing that the information be produced in a civil or criminal 19 action or proceeding: Provided, That any the information required 20 to be produced in response to a properly issued subpoena or court 21 order is at all times confidential and may not be disclosed by the 22 division or the Parkways Authority other than in connection with, 23 and only for the purposes of, the underlying action and subject to 24 compliance with the provisions of subsections (c), (d) and (e) of

- 1 this section.
- 2 (c) All information disclosed or produced by subsection (b) of
- 3 this section shall be clearly marked "CONFIDENTIAL." Any document
- 4 or other material which is marked "CONFIDENTIAL" or the contents of
- 5 the material, may only be used by a party to the underlying action
- 6 or proceeding or a party's attorney, expert witness, consultant or
- 7 other person who is actively engaged in working on the action, and
- 8 only for the purpose of the underlying action or proceeding and not
- 9 for any other purpose. Prior to a party disclosing any document or
- 10 other material marked as "CONFIDENTIAL," or the contents of the
- 11 material, to an attorney, expert witness, consultant or other
- 12 person actively engaged in working on the action or proceeding, the
- 13 party making disclosure must first inform the person that he or she
- 14 is bound by the duty of confidentiality established under this
- 15 section and the person to whom disclosure is to be made shall sign
- 16 an acknowledgment that the information is and will remain at all
- 17 times confidential and that the person agrees to abide by the duty
- 18 of confidentiality established under this section.
- 19 (d) Prior to the production of any information under this
- 20 section with any court of competent jurisdiction, the division or
- 21 the Parkways Authority shall file a motion with the court seeking
- 22 to have the documents sealed and withheld from the public record
- 23 throughout the action or proceeding.
- 24 (e) At the conclusion of the action or proceeding, all

- 1 documents and other material marked as "CONFIDENTIAL" and any
- 2 copies of the material, and all related notes and memoranda, shall
- 3 promptly be returned to the division or the Parkways Authority, as
- 4 applicable, and in any event, within thirty days following the
- 5 conclusion of the action or proceeding.
- 6 §17-17B-7. Evading tolls; damaging, interfering with or
- obstructing video toll collection or
- 8 <u>infrastructure</u>; violations and penalties.
- 9 (a) Any person who knowingly or intentionally evades or seeks
- 10 to evade the payment of tolls, rents, fees or charges established
- 11 by the division or the Parkways Authority for the use of any toll
- 12 facility under the jurisdiction of those agencies is quilty of a
- 13 misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than \$50.
- 14 (b) Any person who deliberately damages, defaces or obstructs
- 15 a video collection system infrastructure or power supply with the
- 16 intent to interfere with or alter or prevent the functioning of the
- 17 system or electronic toll collection, or who obstructs a license
- 18 plate or causes it to be unreadable by the video collection system,
- 19 or who causes a transponder or other device used in an electronic
- 20 toll system to be inoperable or unreadable thereby causing no toll
- 21 to be charged, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, in addition to any
- 22 other penalties provided by the code, and upon conviction, shall be
- 23 fined not more than \$500 and, if applicable, is additionally liable
- 24 to the division or the Parkways Authority for all costs to repair

- 1 the damaged, defaced or obstructed property.
- 2 §17-17B-8. Nonrenewal of vehicle registration; effect of civil or
- 3 criminal violation.
- 4 <u>Upon receipt of a notice from the division or the authority</u>
- 5 that a vehicle owner or operator failed to pay tolls and costs in
- 6 accordance with a notice of default judgment, the Commissioner of
- 7 the Division of Motor Vehicles shall refuse to register, or renew
- 8 the registration of any vehicle of which the person committing the
- 9 violation is a registered owner or coowner until the Commissioner
- 10 of the Division of Motor Vehicles receives notice from the division
- 11 or authority that all fees, penalties and costs imposed on that
- 12 person pursuant to this article have been paid or satisfied.
- 13 §17-17B-9. Rule-making authority.
- 14 The Commissioner of the Division of Motor Vehicles, and the
- 15 Commissioner of Highways on behalf of the division and the Parkways
- 16 Authority, shall propose rules for legislative approval in
- 17 accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter
- 18 twenty-nine-a of the code to implement this article.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to authorize electronic collection and enforcement of tolls. It establishes penalties for nonpayment and damage to facilities. It provides that certain information collected is confidential and not subject to the Freedom of Information Act. The bill allows restricted and confidential access to certain information pursuant to subpoenas and court orders on a strictly confidential basis. The bill also grants rule-making authority and defines terms.

This article is new; therefore, it has been completely underscored.